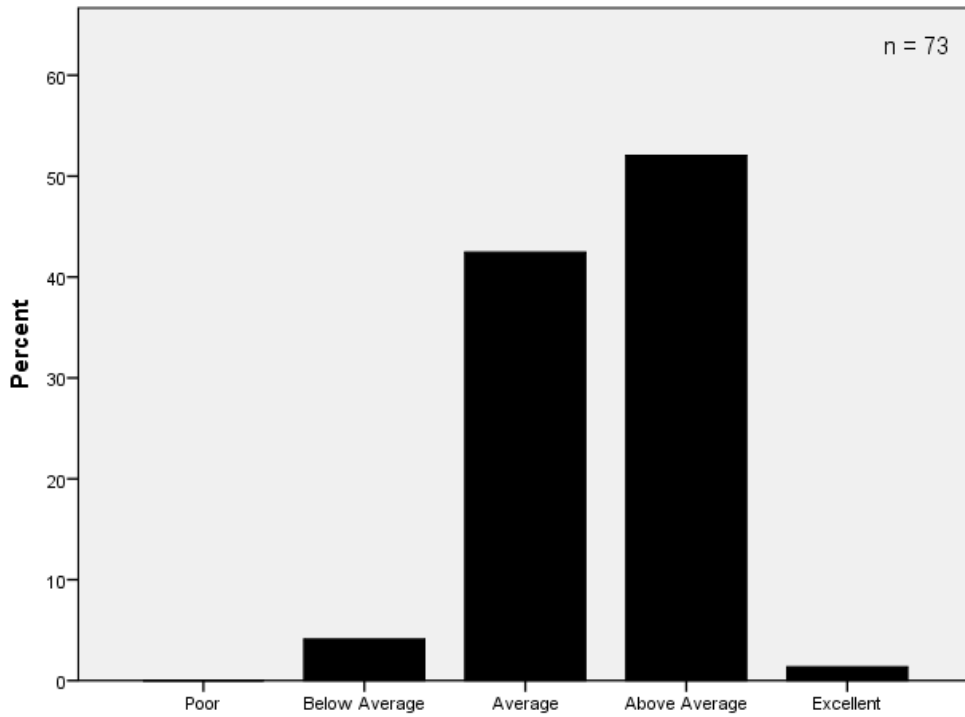
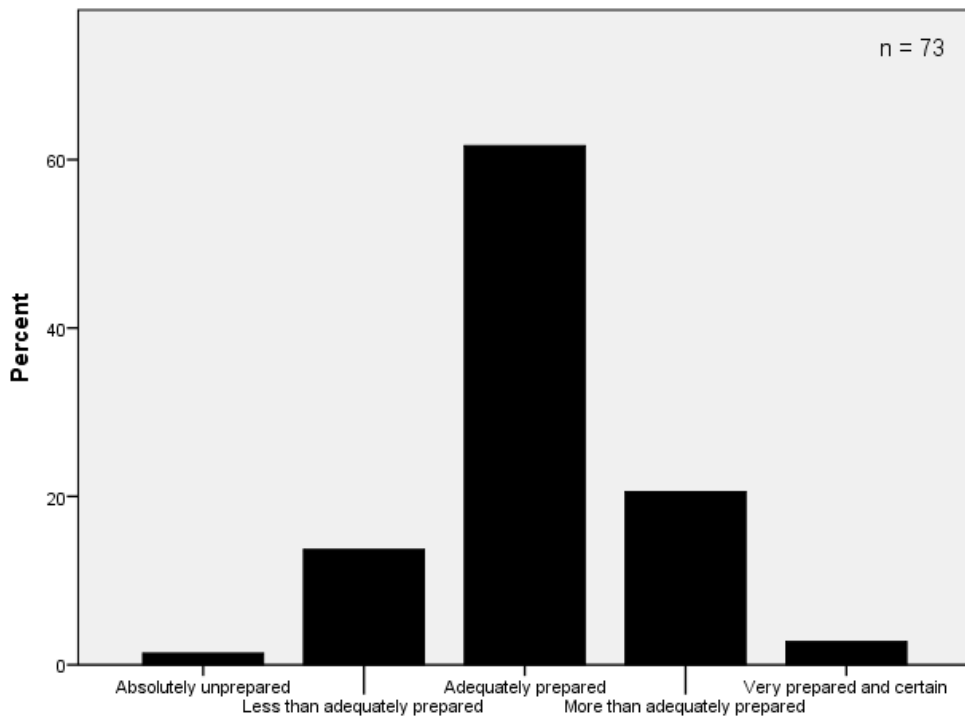


Phase 1 Overall Outcomes



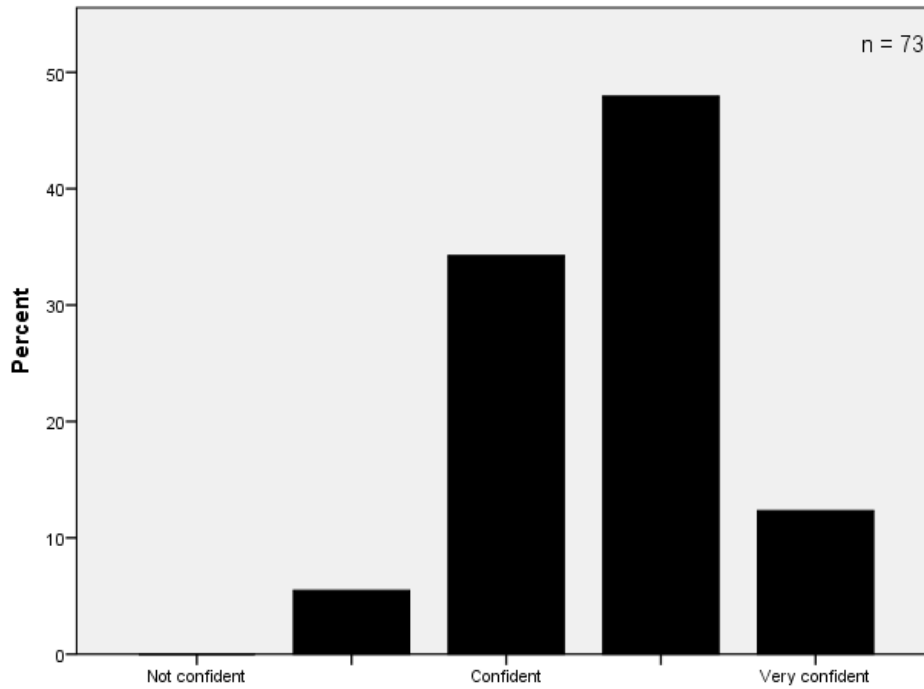
At this point in your training, how do you feel about your overall performance in Phase 1?



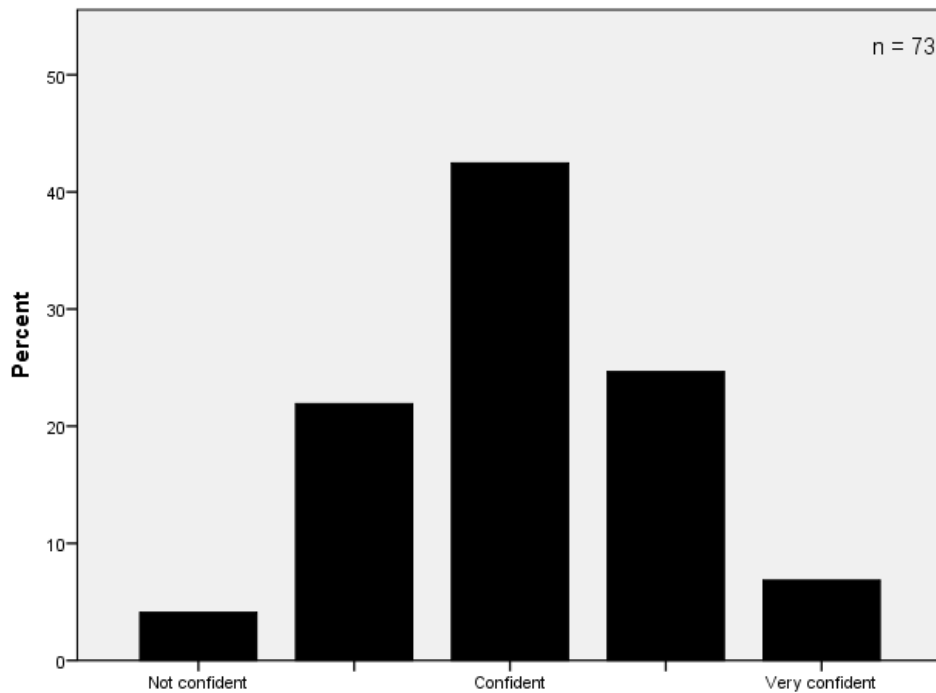
How prepared do you feel about your ability to meet the DVM Program expectations as you move into Phase 2?

Phase 1 Learning Outcomes

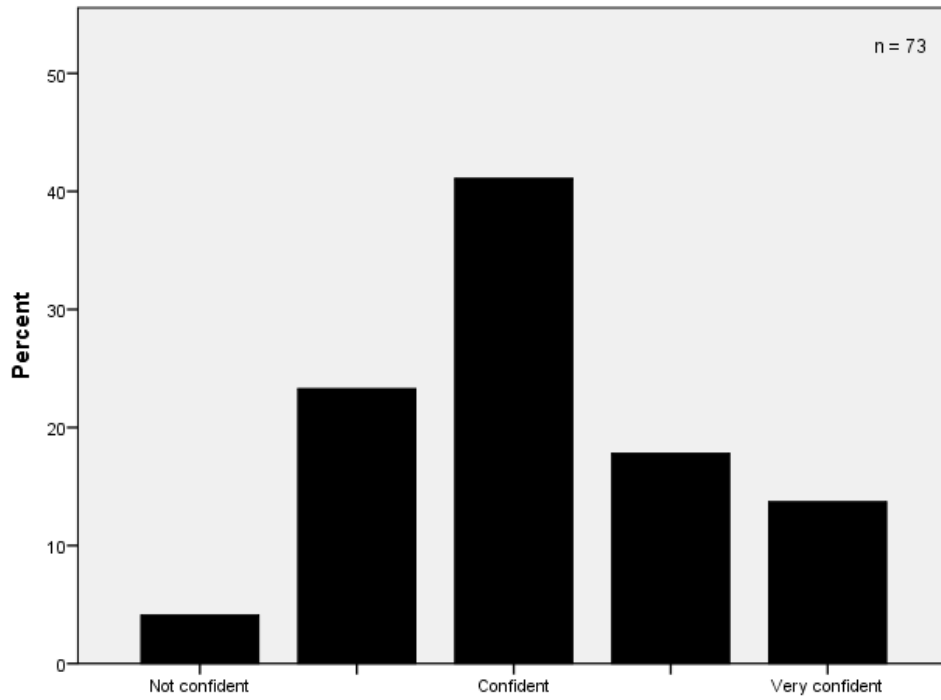
Planning and Analysis



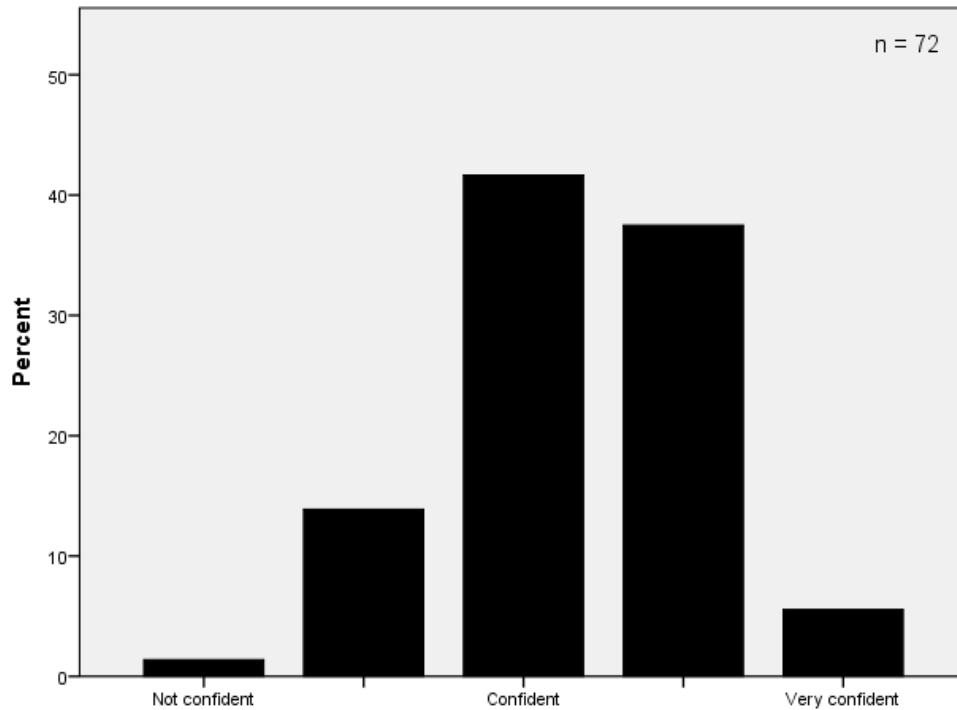
Planning and Analysis 1: Describe the normal physiological & biochemical processes that maintain homeostasis



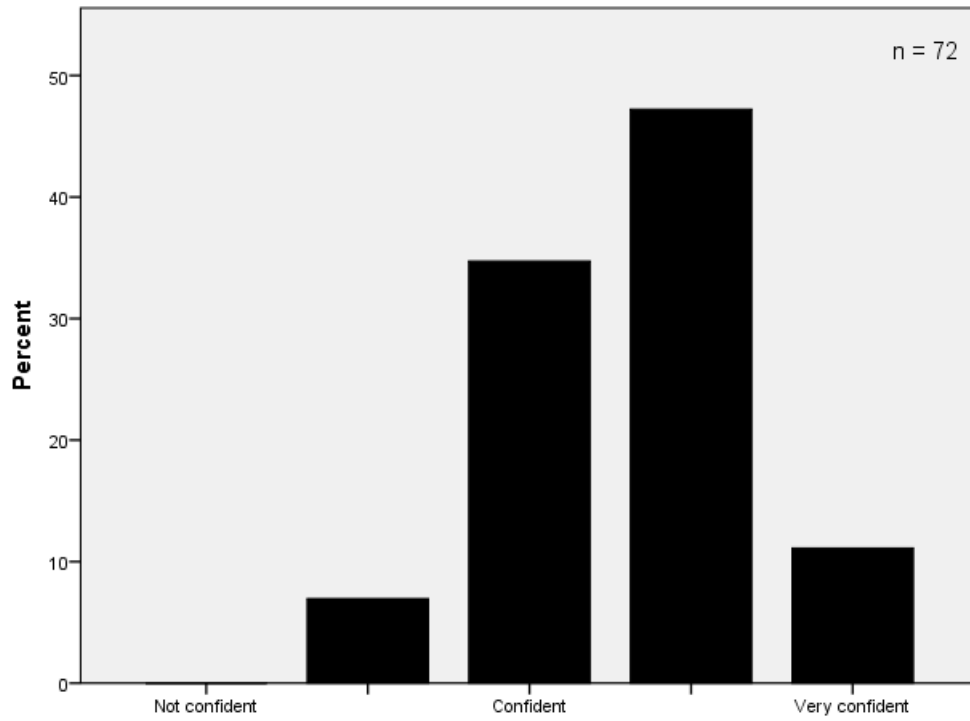
Planning and Analysis 2: Explain the physiological and biochemical basis for common tests used in diagnostic processes



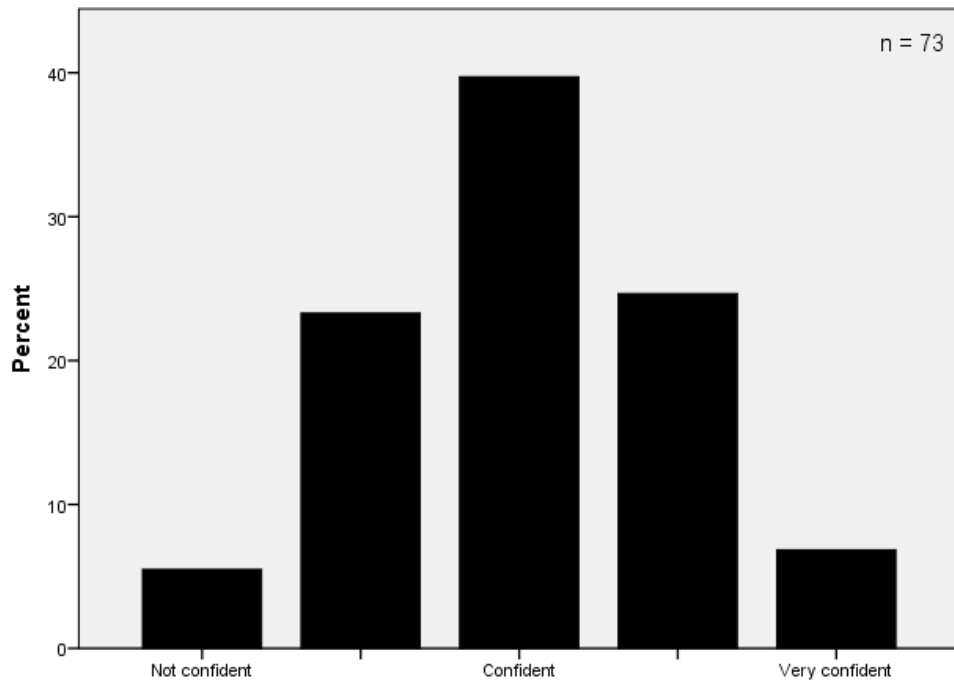
Planning and Analysis 3: Evaluate diagnostic tests based on test performance characteristics



Planning and Analysis 4: Describe the evolution, development, function and identification of normal microscopic and gross anatomy

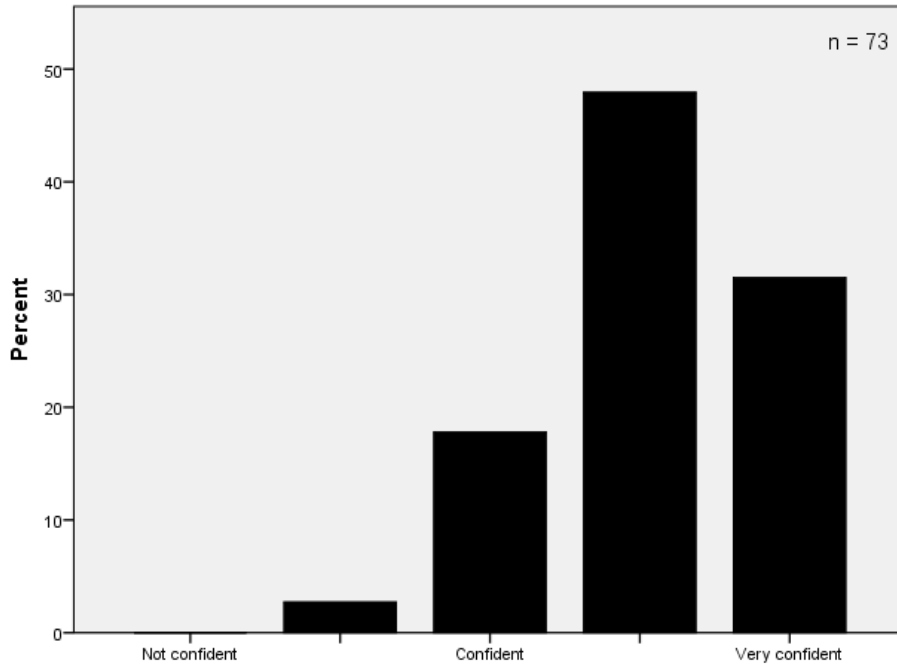


Planning and Analysis 5: Explain the inter-relationships between form and function in common domestic animals

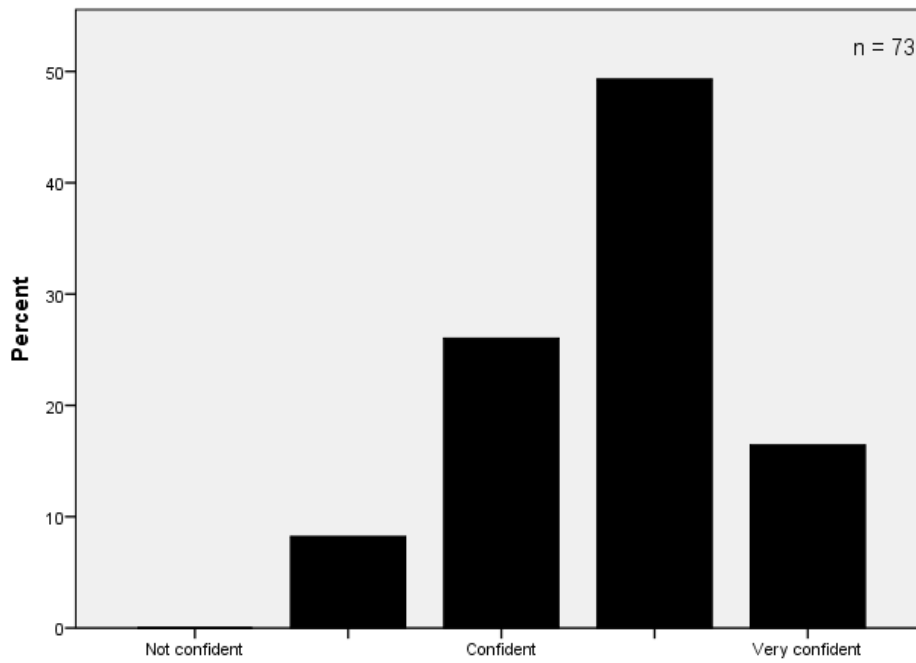


Planning and Analysis 6: Describe and identify the modes of inheritance of common genetic disorders & explain the current genetic tests available for specific diseases

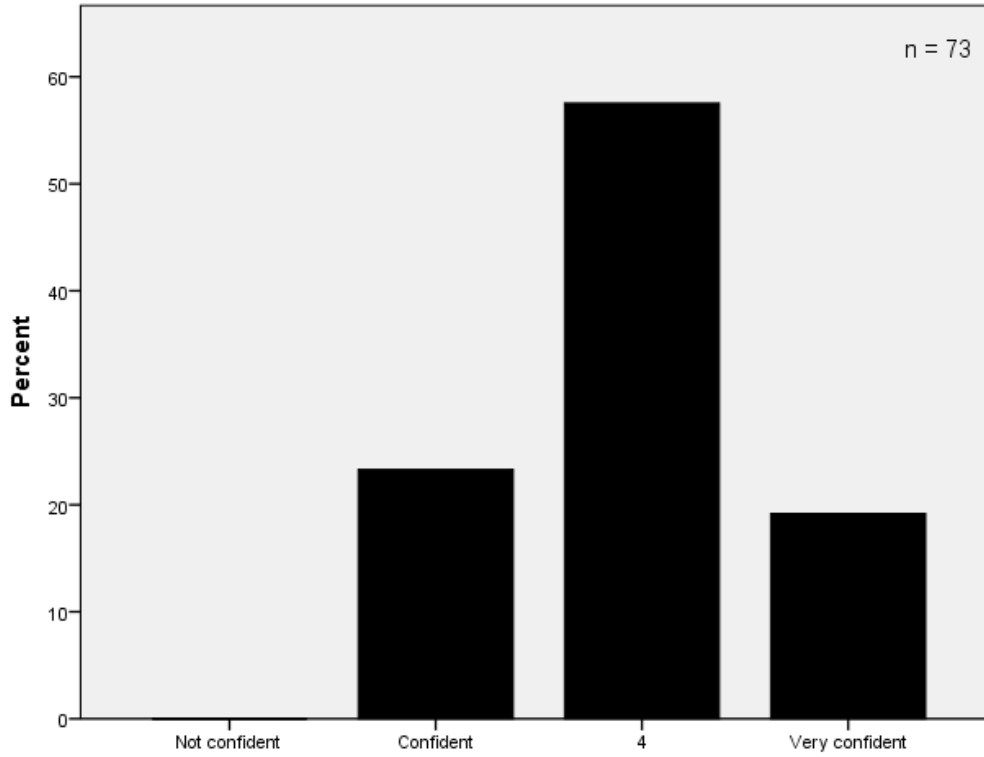
Professionalism



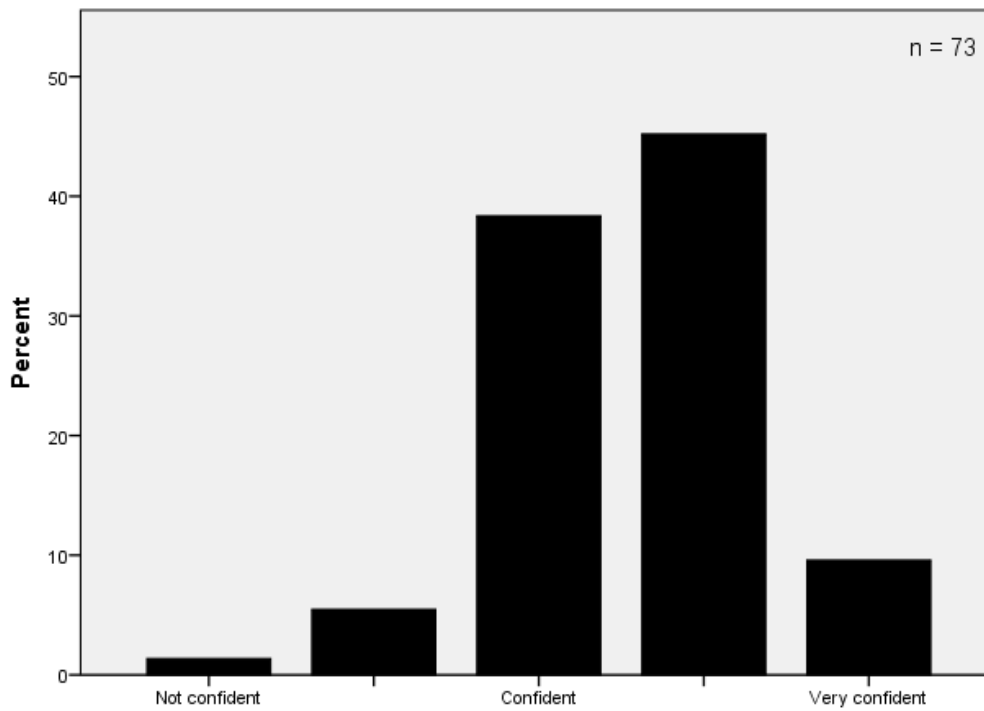
Professionalism 1: Conduct professional conversations with clients and colleagues that demonstrate empathetic listening and communication skills



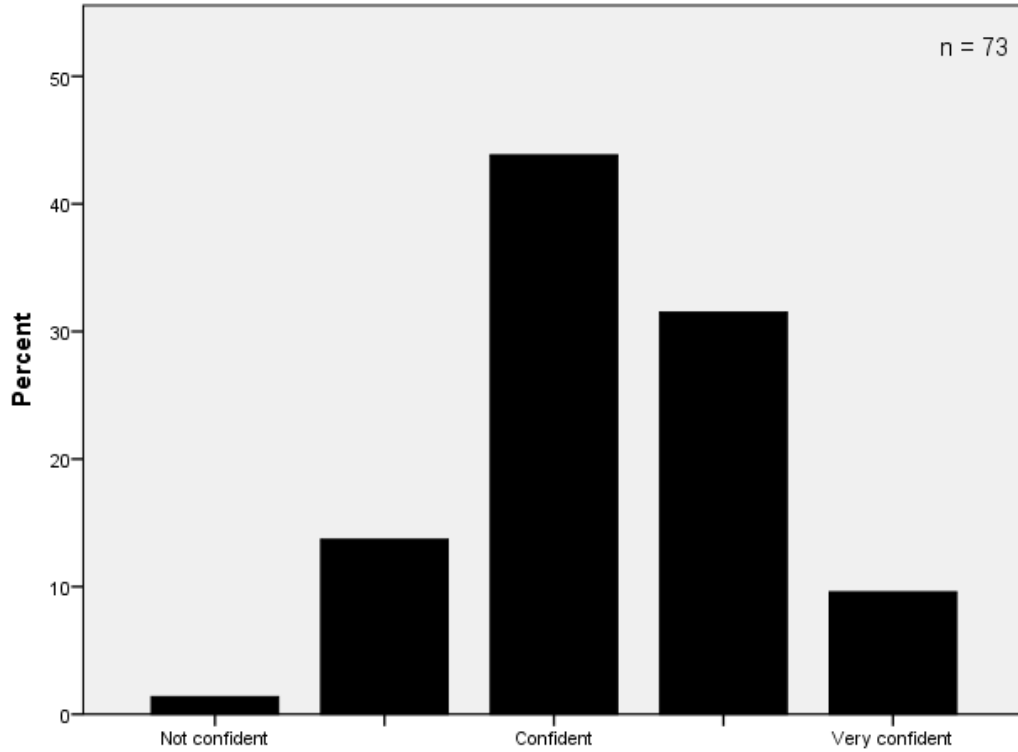
Professionalism 2: Use and translate veterinary terminology to an appropriate level for a variety of audiences, such as coworkers, clients, etc.



Professionalism 3: Identify the veterinarian's role within common animal industries and describe differences in important health management issues

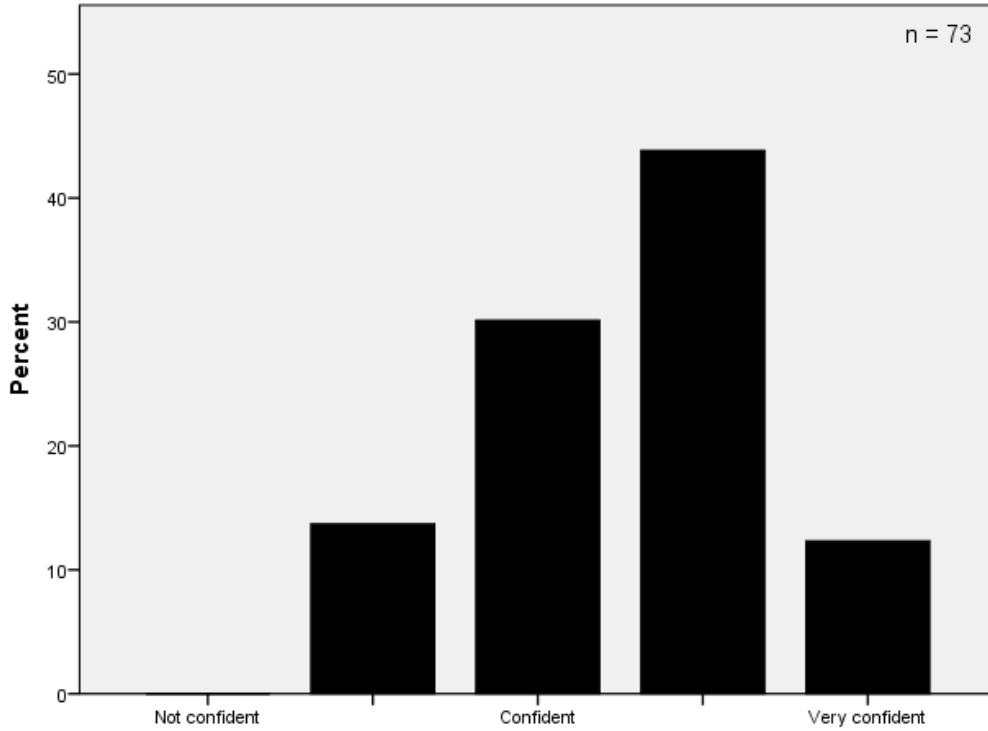


Professionalism 4: Describe and explain approaches to deal with differences in behaviour, and the common measures of assessing the performance of groups of animals

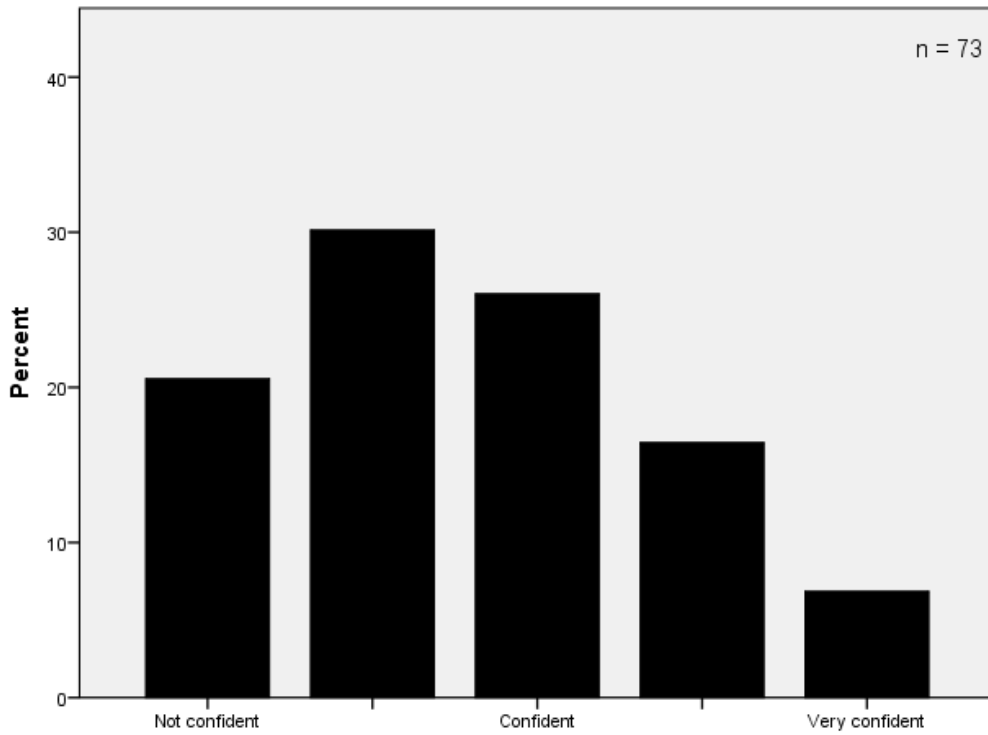


Professionalism 5: Identify and define key structural and histological features of normal and abnormal tissues and organs

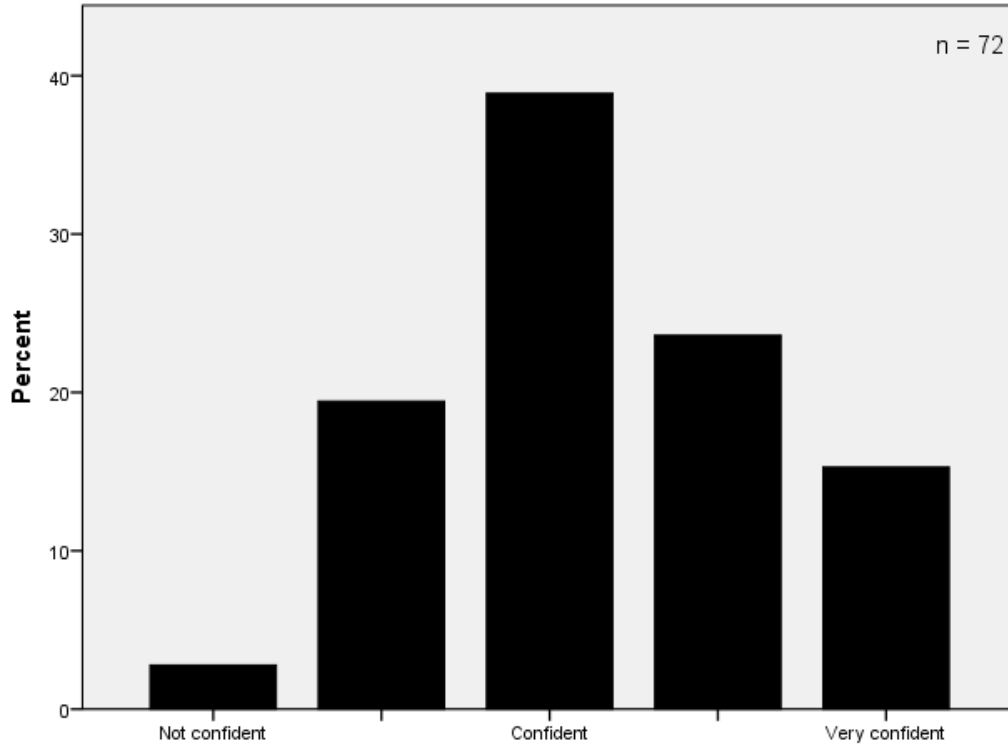
Conducting Veterinary Activities



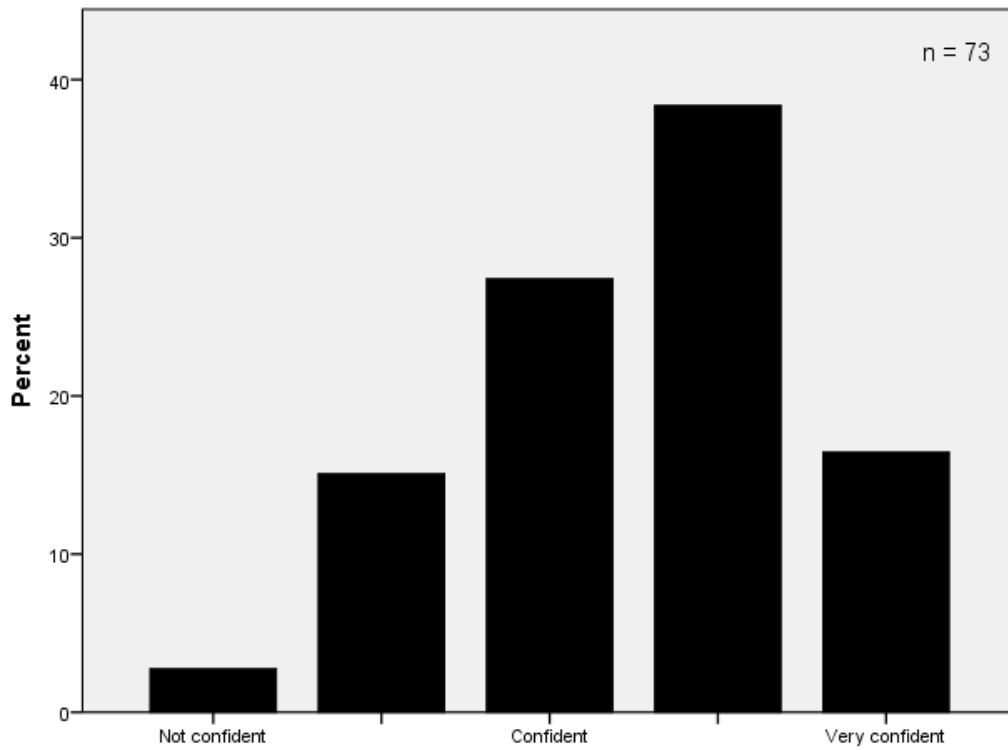
Conducting Veterinary Activities 1: Handle, restrain and perform a routine physical examination in small and large animal species



Conducting Veterinary Activities 2: Perform and stain blood smears and assess its quality



Conducting Veterinary Activities 3: Take a thorough history of small and large animal species



Conducting Veterinary Activities 4: Develop an initial problem list based on the history and physical examination for small and large animal species

